



# July 2025 Partnership Plan Update

Office of the State Comptroller

osc.ct.gov/ctpartner

# Agenda

- RFP: Medical & Medicare
- HEP Update 2024 Status
- Renewal Contracts
- Providers of Distinction Program Update
- Financial Overview

Please remain on mute and ask any questions through the chat.

Thank you.

# RFP (Request for Proposal)

- Medical
  - The State is releasing the RFP for the Medical portion of the health plan effective 7/1/26
- Medicare (if applicable)
  - Aetna will remain the carrier for the Medicare portion of the Partnership plan
  - As of 1/1/26, we will be splitting the administration of the Medicare plan in two,
     Medical and Rx, and retirees will be receiving new ID cards
    - This is still a Medicare Advantage plan and the benefits themselves will not be changing
    - By splitting the admin of the plan, we're able to take advantage of higher CMS subsidies
  - More details to come as we get closer to Jan 2026

# HEP Update – 2024 Status

Total Eligible Households 86,750	As of 7/8/25	Total Eligible Participants 182,480	As of 7/8/25	TOTAL
Compliant	76,526 (88.2%)	Compliant	168,701 (92.4%)	
Non-Compliant	10,224 (11.8%)	Non-Compliant	13,779 (7.6%)	
Total Eligible Households 63,824	As of 7/8/25	Total Eligible Participants 133,094	As of 7/8/25	STATE
Compliant	56,996 (89.3%)	Compliant	123,905 (93.1%)	
Non-Compliant	6,828 (10.7%)	Non-Compliant	9,189 (6.9%)	
Total Eligible Households 22,915	As of 7/8/25	Total Eligible Participants 49,388	As of 7/8/25	PARTNERSHIP
Compliant	19,518 (85.2%)	Compliant	44,797 (91.0%)	
Non-Compliant	3,397 (14.8%)	Non-Compliant	4,591 (9.0%)	

### HEP Update – 2024 Status

- Groups received the official 2024 non-compliance list on 7/14/25
  - The final 2023 reinstatement file was sent on 6/30/25, for those whom it may apply
  - If you received a blank file, there are no non-compliant members in your group at this time
  - Reinstatement files are sent weekly on Mondays starting 7/21/25
- As a reminder, the 2024 HEP penalties were added to your August Anthem bills, which were sent out last week
- For any questions, please reach out to the Quantum Team

### Renewal Contracts (Every 3yrs)

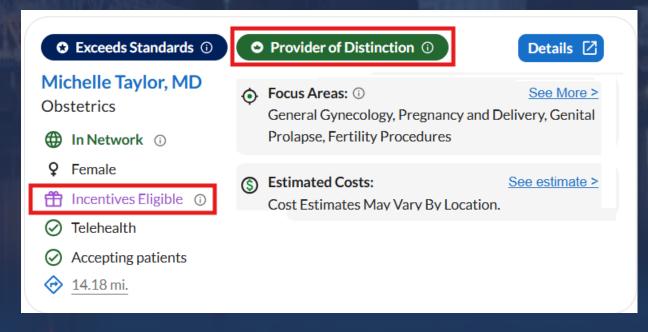
We recently made important changes to the SPP contract. As a result, all groups up for renewal must sign a new agreement. When you receive the contract for renewal, please review it carefully, sign, and return the completed documents promptly so we can provide you with a fully executed contract before the current one expires.

### Below are the relevant updates:

- 1. Section VI. F. Payment of HEP Noncompliance Fees by Employee or Retiree:
  - New HEP requirements (effective January 2025)
  - Employers will now be required to pass non-compliant HEP fees onto the member, instead of covering them
- 2. Section VII. E. Communications:
  - Enhanced communication requirements for participating employers to share additional employee contact information with OSC. This will improve our ability to communicate directly about important health plan announcements, such as new programs/point solutions, HEP changes, and benefit updates
- 3. Exhibit A:
  - This has been updated to reflect the current Premium Rates for Select Healthcare Coverage

# Providers of Distinction Program Update

- Effective July 1<sup>st</sup> 2025 plan members will enjoy greater transparency about which providers or procedures
  qualify for incentives through the provider lookup tool. They'll also be able to redeem and use their
  incentives more quickly—all for choosing doctors known for delivering high-quality patient outcomes.
- Plan members get a prepaid gift card anytime they get an eligible service performed by a highperforming doctor or provider.
- Plan members will now see "Incentives Eligible" in the provider lookup tool when they find a provider with a "Provider of Distinction" designation.
- Plan members will be notified via email and a postcard mailed to their home when they have a qualifying service and can claim their incentive.



 Additionally, plan members logged into the provider lookup tool will see a pop-up message for redemption, allowing them to instantly redeem and use their incentive.



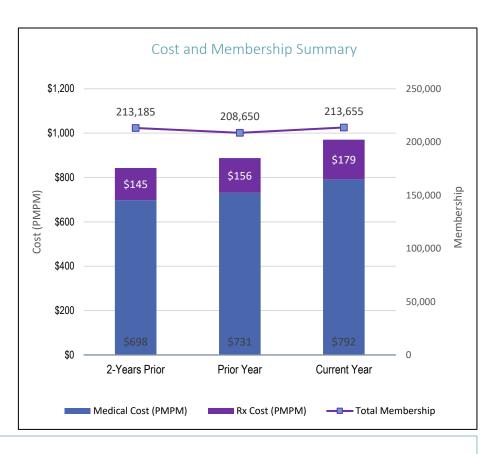
### All Plans

Claims Summary<sup>1</sup>

	Total Cost (PMPM)	% of Total Cost	Current Trend
Medical	\$791.73	82%	<b>8.3%</b>
Inpatient Facility	\$158.62	16%	<b>7</b> .7%
Outpatient Facility	\$309.14	32%	<b>▲</b> 8.1%
Professional Services	\$302.30	31%	<b>9</b> .5%
Ancillary	\$21.67	2%	<b>▼</b> 1.3%
Pharmacy <sup>2</sup>	\$178.86	18%	<b>14.5%</b>
Total Cost	\$970.59		<b>9.4%</b>

#### **Drivers of Trend**

Service Category	Current PMPM	Prior PMPM	Change
Pharmacy - Specialty	\$60.92	\$40.01	<b>\$20.91</b>
Outpatient - Pharmacy	\$60.46	\$52.75	<b>\$7.71</b>
Outpatient - Surgery	\$98.10	\$90.75	<b>\$7.35</b>
Professional -E&M	\$57.33	\$50.30	<b>\$7.03</b>
Prescription Drugs - Brand	\$93.01	\$87.57	<b>\$</b> 5.44



- PMPM medical costs have increased 8.3% Year-over-Year ("YoY") and accounted for 82% of total spend.
- PMPM Rx costs have increased 14.5% YoY and accounted for 18% of total spend.
- The second table above illustrates the top 5 drivers of trend. Pharmacy Specialty was the top driver of spend on a PMPM basis, increasing \$20.91 PMPM over last year.

<sup>1</sup> Reflects paid claims through May 2025. Claims for the current period have been completed using a factor of 0.95

<sup>2</sup> Pharmacy costs reflect PrudentRx savings through April 2025.

### Partnership FAD Balances

- What is the Partnership 2.0 FAD balance used for?
  - The Partnership 2.0 FAD (Funds Awaiting Distribution) balance represents the funds collected from monthly medical and Rx premiums paid by participating Partnership 2.0 groups. These funds are held temporarily and used to pay insurance carriers and other vendors for claims and services provided to covered members.
- Why does the Partnership 2.0 FAD balance fluctuate?
  - The balance fluctuates due to timing differences between when premium payments are received and when payments are made to carriers and vendors. Partnership 2.0 groups typically wire payments weekly, while the State makes payments to vendors on a bi-weekly or monthly schedule. This timing mismatch causes the balance to rise and fall throughout the month.
- As of 6/30/25, the Partnership 2.0 FAD balance was -\$18.6M
  - The FAD balance is lower than projected because actual medical and pharmacy costs have exceeded expectations. The primary causes are an unexpected spike in in-patient hospital spending, due to increased emergency room use and a high number of large-dollar claimants. As well as a surge in Pharmacy costs due to rising utilization of GLP-1 medications and increased use and prices of specialty drugs.

### Partnership FAD Balances

- Will a negative balance impact coverage for Partnership 2.0 members?
  - No, the State is both statutorily and contractually obligated to pay claims on behalf of Partnership 2.0 members. Claims will continue to be paid in a timely manner, and member coverage will not be affected.
- What is the outlook for the FAD balance moving forward?
  - As of July 2025, updated premium rates are in effect. These revised rates are expected to stabilize the account and gradually rebuild the FAD balance. However, to avoid sharp year-over-year premium swings, the Partnership 2.0 plan smooths gains and losses over multiple years. For that reason, the fund is not expected to return to its full target balance during the current fiscal year.



# Questions?

Please remain on mute and use the chat function.

The presentation will be posted to the Partnership Site: The CT Partnership Plan 2.0

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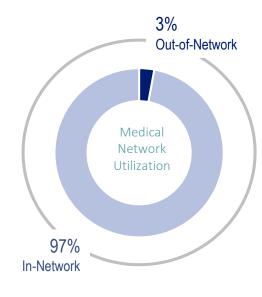
# Appendix

- State of CT & Partnership Utilization Dashboard
  - Key Utilization Metrics
  - Disease Prevalence
  - Care Gaps & Compliance Rates
  - High-Cost Claimants

### All Plans

Key Utilization Metrics

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Category ( Utilization per 1,000)	Current Period	Prior Period	% Change
Office Visits	5,125	4,889	4.8%
Preventive Services	4,376	4,455	-1.8%
Inpatient Admissions	76	74	3.2%
Average Cost Per Admission	\$25,031	\$23,985	4.4%
Emergency Room (ER) Visits	205	202	1.5%
Average ER Visit Cost	\$2,852	\$2,789	2.3%
Urgent Care (UC) Visits	374	404	-7.5%
Average UC Visit Cost	\$242	\$224	7.7%
Rx Scripts	11,927	11,675	2.2%
Average Cost per Script	\$180	\$161	12.1%



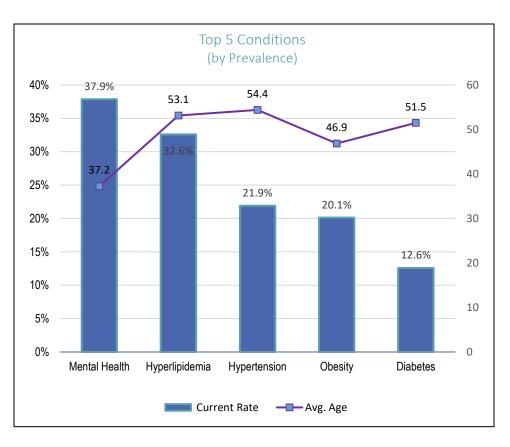
- Office visits per 1,000 increased 4.8% YoY, while preventive services decreased 1.8% YoY.
- Inpatient admissions per 1,000 increased 3.2% YoY, and average cost per admission increased 4.4% YoY.
- ER visits per 1,000 remained relatively stable YoY, but the average cost per visit increased 2.3% YoY.
- Urgent care visits per 1,000 decreased 7.5% YoY, while the average cost per visit increased 7.7% YoY.
- Rx scripts per 1,000 increased 2.2% YoY, and unit cost trend increased 12.1% YoY.

<sup>1</sup> Pharmacy costs reflect PrudentRx savings through April 2025.

### All Plans

Disease Prevalence (sorted by prevalence)

Current Rate	Prior Rate	
37.9%	36.6%	
32.6%	31.2%	
21.9%	21.8%	
20.1%	19.0%	
12.6%	10.4%	
7.5%	7.6%	
4.0%	4.1%	
3.6%	3.2%	
1.0%	1.0%	
0.6%	0.6%	
0.6%	0.5%	
0.5%	0.5%	
0.2%	0.2%	
0.0%	0.0%	
	Rate 37.9% 32.6% 21.9% 20.1% 12.6% 7.5% 4.0% 3.6% 1.0% 0.6% 0.5% 0.2%	



- Mental health remained the State's top disease condition with 37.9% of total members (prevalence) and has increased 1.3 percentage points (pp) YoY.
- Continuing increases in Hyperlipidemia, Obesity, and Diabetes

### All Plans

Care Gaps and Compliance Rates

Chronic	Clinical Quality Metrics	All Members			Gender Distribution		Compliance Rate by Gender		
Condition		Population	Current Period	Change (pp)	SHAPE BoB <sup>1</sup>	F	М	F	M
	At least 1 hemoglobin A1C test	26,927	84%	<b>1</b> .8	82%	60%	40%	82%	86%
Diabetes	Screening for diabetic nephropathy	26,927	59%	<b>▼</b> 5.0	62%	60%	40%	58%	60%
	Screening for diabetic retinopathy	26,916	49%	<b>▼</b> 3.8	25%	60%	40%	49%	48%
Hypertension	On anti-hypertensives and serum potassium	29,576	64%	<b>▼</b> 1.3	61%	41%	59%	64%	64%
Hyperlipidemia	Total cholesterol testing	69,679	79%	<b>▼</b> 0.9	72%	49%	51%	81%	78%
COPD	Spirometry testing	1,270	35%	<b>▼</b> 1.4	26%	52%	48%	35%	35%
CAD	Patients currently taking an ACE-Inhibitor or ARB Drug	7,642	39%	<b>▼</b> 0.7	41%	34%	66%	30%	44%
	Patients currently taking a statin	7,647	82%	<b>0</b> .7	70%	34%	66%	71%	87%
Preventive Screening	Breast cancer	55,082	68%	<b>2</b> .2	56%	100%		68%	
	Cervical cancer	88,763	52%	<b>0.4</b>	46%	100%		52%	
	Colorectal cancer	71,072	51%	<b>▼</b> 3.7	41%	54%	46%	55%	47%
	Prostate cancer	32,681	70%	<b>▼</b> 1.3	38%		100%		70%

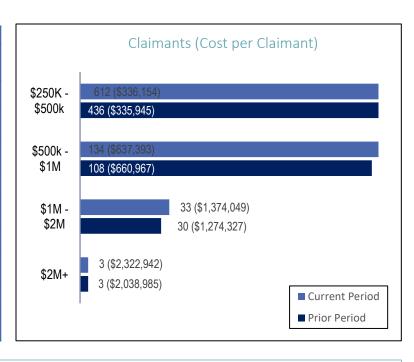
- All preventive screening compliance rates are critically important. Early detection of chronic conditions gives the patient a higher probability of a positive outcome. Expensive treatments in the future can be avoided if these conditions are caught/managed early.
- While most compliance rates are down YoY, the State's compliance rates remained favorable in most categories when compared to the SHAPE BoB.
- The Plan should continue to frequently communicate the value and importance of preventive screenings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SHAPE Book-of-Business reflects compliance rates for calendar year 2023 Compliance statistics have not been adjusted for risk or severity

### All Plans

High-Cost Claimants (Medical & Rx \$250k+)

Catagory	Current	Period	Prior Period		
Category (sorted by Members)	Claimants	Cost per Claimant	Claimants	Cost per Claimant	
Episodic w/ Underlying Health Conditions <sup>1</sup>	192	\$452,306	155	\$460,505	
Non-Screenable Cancer	178	\$477,400	117	\$523,646	
Chronic	148	\$444,365	124	\$438,397	
Rx Dominant	109	\$404,227	71	\$425,762	
Screenable Cancer	93	\$412,276	77	\$411,680	
Episodic w/o Underlying Health Conditions <sup>1</sup>	30	\$387,276	13	\$516,488	
Mental Health	25	\$379,677	16	\$338,627	
Substance Use	7	\$335,889	4	\$284,075	
Total High-Cost Members	782	\$439,194	577	\$454,425	



- 782 claimants exceeded the \$250k in combined medical and Rx spend during the current period. Compared to 577 in the prior period.
- Episodic w/ Underlying Health Conditions was the top category with about 25% of high-cost claimants falling into this category. Non-Screenable Cancer was the second highest category.
- Rx dominant, which reflects claimants exceeding the threshold mainly due to prescription drug costs rather than medical costs, ranked third.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Underlying conditions reflect members with the following conditions: Mental Health, Hyperlipidemia, Hypertension, Obesity, Diabetes, Asthma, Substance Abuse, Coronary Artery Disease (CAD), Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD), and Congestive Heart Failure (CHF).